

## Wuhan Competition - Questions & Answers 31 July 2018

### 1. Can students who finish their studies in June 2018 participate?

Answer: Yes. Please indicate the last day of the final academic year, which should be on or later than January 2018. Students who have graduated in 2018 and are no longer enrolled now can register.

### 2. I am currently between graduate programs, meaning I just graduated from one program in May 2018 and I'm starting another program in August 2018. ... Can I apply ?

Answer: Yes. Students who applied to be enrolled in a Graduate Programme in second half 2018 can also apply. Please provide proof of enrollment for upcoming studies in 2018.

### 3. I have graduated in January 2018 and my friend has graduated in July 2018 from M.A of landscape architecture. I wanted to ask if it is possible for us to participate in this competition. Our thesis was about coastal landscape and we are enthusiastic to join.

Answer: Yes. Students who have graduated in 2018 and are no longer enrolled now can register.

### 4. Can all level of students participate? Undergraduate? Graduate?

Answer: Yes.

### 5. There are two versions of the design scope in the provided file. Which of the following is the correct design range?



Answer: The right one is the correct planning area. The left drawing is a reference for the immediate surroundings.

### 6. Do we need to select one of the five topics in the document to design it? Or does the design plan need to be greater than or equal to one theme? ...

Answer: Applicants can focus on one or more, or all themes.

### 7. Could you please provide me some site detail cads file like this base map with contour line in it or any other useful detail information. ...

Answer: Please check the attached file in the website

[http://www.fukuoka.unhabitat.org/info/news/20180518\\_en.html](http://www.fukuoka.unhabitat.org/info/news/20180518_en.html). There is a CAD site drawing which provide the site information. The site is a vacant and only has some reserved buildings (showed in the site drawing). Due to legal constraints, we are unable to provide more detailed CAD file.

### 8. Can students who have finished their BA degree studies in June 2017 but start their MA degree studies in August 2018 participate in the competition?

Answer: Yes. Students who applied to be enrolled in a Graduate Programme in second half 2018 can also apply. Please provide proof of enrollment for upcoming studies in 2018.

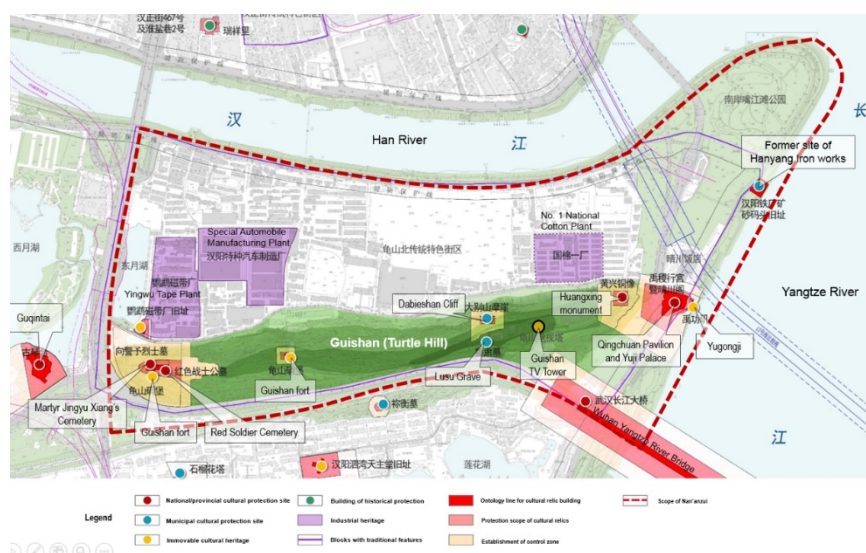
**9. Is it possible that we please get the maps in English, especially the site-specific ones which have been available in Chinese in the Briefing Document?**

Answer: We've already updated the briefing document and site drawing, added more information in English.

**10. Could we also get an internationally accessible link to the existing 'Wuhan Master Plan (2010-2020)' (or a '.pdf') and/or an English translated version of the same?**

Answer: We provided some related information of Wuhan Master Plan (2010-2020) in the briefing document. We do not have the English version so far.

**11. Please provide detail information about the historical and cultural resources located in the attached map. What are they used for? What is their existing condition? Are they presently functioning?**



Answer:

**a. National Cultural Protection Unit**

**Wuhan Yangtze River Bridge**, the first bridge above the Yangtze River, is the landmark of Wuhan city. The upper story of it is a highway bridge (national highway 107), and the lower story of it is a double-track railway bridge (Beijing-Guangzhou railway).

**Qingshan Pavilion and Yuji Palace:** built during the 26<sup>th</sup> to 28<sup>th</sup> year reign of Jiaying in the Ming dynasty (1547-1549 AD), Qingshan Pavilion and Yuji Palace, a designated AAA national tourist attraction of China, is part of the three famous places of interest in Wuhan, which also includes the Yellow Crane Tower and Guqintai.

**b. Provincial Cultural Protection Unit**

**Red Soldier Cemetery:** Red Soldier Cemetery is the cemetery for the communist party member Chen Chun and many other martyrs, which is now one of the red tourist attractions in Mi. Guishan Scenic Resort.

**Martyr Jingyu Xiang's Cemetery:** The cemetery covers an area of about 8 mu, and the

construction area takes 5300 square meters. In May 1978, it was built to commemorate the martyrs of Jingyu Xiang and those who died during the agrarian revolutionary war in China. The cemetery is now a national “patriotic education base” and one of the red tourist attractions in Mi. Guishan Scenic Resort.

**Huangxing Monument:** Built in 1933, the statue is now one of the red tourist attractions in Mi. Guishan Scenic Resort.

### c. Municipal Cultural Protection Unit

**Dabieshan Cliff:** The cliff was engraved in September of 17<sup>th</sup> year of Jianqing (1812), and it is now one of the red tourist attractions in Mi. Guishan Scenic Resort.

**Former site of Hanyang iron works:** It is the site of ore wharf supporting the production of Hanyang iron works production, the iron works which is the earliest official iron and steel enterprise in modern times of China.

**Lusu Grave:** The cenotaph of general Lusu of Dong Wu. There is not an actual examination of the age of the cemetery, but it is now one of the red tourist attractions in Mi. Guishan Scenic Resort.

### d. Immovable Cultural Relics

**Hanyang Made:** It was one of the original Ying Wu tape factory buildings, and it is now the entrance building of Hanyang Advertising Creative Industrial Park.

**Two Guishan forts:** one of the red tourist attractions in Mi. Guishan Scenic Resort

**Iron Gate Pass:** It is integrated with Guishan and Qingchuan pavilion, and it is now a tourist attractions.

**Yugongji:** It is now part of Qingchuan pavilion.

### e. Industrial Heritage

**Ying Wu Tape Factory:** It has been renovated into Hanyang Advertising Creative Industrial Park.

**Hanyang Special Automobile Factory:** It is reserved and is waiting for being renovated.

**NO.1 National Cotton Factory:** Part of it has been removed.

### f. Guishan and Guishan TV Tower

Guishan Scenic Spot is a famous scenic spot in history, the mountain is about 30-65 meters high. Guishan TV Tower is located at the highest point of Guishan, it is the first TV tower in China, a multi-function TV tower with transmission and sightseeing etc. Guishan TV Tower was built in 1986. It is 221.2 meters high, 311.4 meters above sea level.



**12. Are the dyke and the revetment wall already built, or we have to design it?**

Answer: The dyke and revetment wall have been already built. The candidates do not need to build.

**13. Please tell me what is the registration fee and race awards?**

Answer: There is no registration fee and no monetary awards. The 10 finalists will receive a certificate. 3 finalists will be selected to be the Laureate teams. The Laureate teams will be invited to Wuhan, with a maximum of three members of each team. The costs of economy flights and stay will be covered by the organisers.

**14. What is the total area and dimensions of the design area?**

Answer: It is about 167 ha. (1600-2140m \*560-1400m)

**15. If the design area is only Northern Guishan, can we also include some design in the adjacent land containing the Yuehu lake?**

Answer: The design area is only the designated area, but it can be incorporated into the surrounding area for overall consideration.

**16. What is the width of Han river along the design area?**

Answer: The width of Han River along the design area is about 110-250m.

**17. What are the aquatic life in Han and Yangtze river?**

Answer: There are more than 400 species of fish recorded in the Yangtze River Basin, including 348 species of freshwater fish. Such as Chinese Sturgeon, Chinese paddlefish, *Acipenser dabryanus*, Chinese sucker, *Hucho bleekeri*, *Sinocyclocheilus grahami*, Qinling lenok, Marbled eel and Roughskin sculpin and some of them are national grade one protected animal.

Among the other wading organisms, there are more than 100 species of aquatic plants and 145 species of amphibians, such as some national grade one and two protected animals Yangtze River Dolphin, Finless Porpoise, Chinese Alligator, *Tylotriton kweichowensis*, *Tylotriton asperrimus*, *Tylotriton taliangensis* Liu, tiger frog etc.

**18. Are there any significant aquatic features in any of the rivers that can be used as tourist attraction?**

Answer: The unique scenery of buildings and riverside of Yangtze River and Han River attract tourists.



Wuhan Yangtze River Bridge and Guishan Tower



Qingchuan Bridge

**19. Can the rivers be used for active recreational purposes, fishing or boat riding?**

Answer: At present, the Yangtze River has a ferry. You could travel the Yangtze River at night in the form of drift-style multi-dimensional experience drama.



**20. What is the height of Meizi mountain?**

Answer: The highest elevation of Meizi Mountain is 56.5m. The water surface elevation of Yue Lake on the north side is about 21.6m, and the nearest Qintai Avenue elevation on the south side is about 27m.

**21. What are the flora and fauna of the Meizi Mountain?**

Answer: We are not sure the exactly flora and fauna of the Meizi Mountain. The flora of Wuhan belongs to the transition zone from the middle subtropical evergreen broad-leaved forest to the north subtropical deciduous broad-leaved forest. According to incomplete statistics, there are 106 families, 607 genera and 1066 species of ferns and seed plants in the city. The mixed forest composed of evergreen sclerophyllous forest and deciduous forest is the typical vegetation type in the whole city. The Yangtze River and south of the Han River is covered with camphor tree, phyllostachys pubescens, cunninghamia lanceolata, leaf and tea oil fruit, ligustrum lucidum ait., and citrus.

There are many kinds of animal resources in Wuhan. There are poultry animals, aquatic animals, medicinal animals, fur-feather animals, pest predators, national protected animals and so on. Poultry including pig, cow, chicken etc. Fish resources including 11 orders, 22 families and 88 species, such as grass carp, silver carp, bluntnose black bream etc. Waterfowl has wild goose, stork, pelth etc. including 8 orders, 14 families and 54 species. Special economic aquatic animals include white-flag dolphin, finless porpoise, soft-shelled turtle, etc.

**22. Is there any distinctive feature the mountain that can be used as tourist attraction?**

Answer: According to historical records, the Meizi mountain is famous for a lot of plum on the mountain. There is Meizi Mountain Cliff, but it is not open for public currently.

**23. Any other information, surroundings, picture, section drawing of the mountain will be very helpful**

Answer: We are sorry that we don't have too much pictures of the Meizi Mountain.



**24. Can the area marked as Green land for protection by dark green color be renovated as natural park or open space or that protection area cannot be touched at all?**

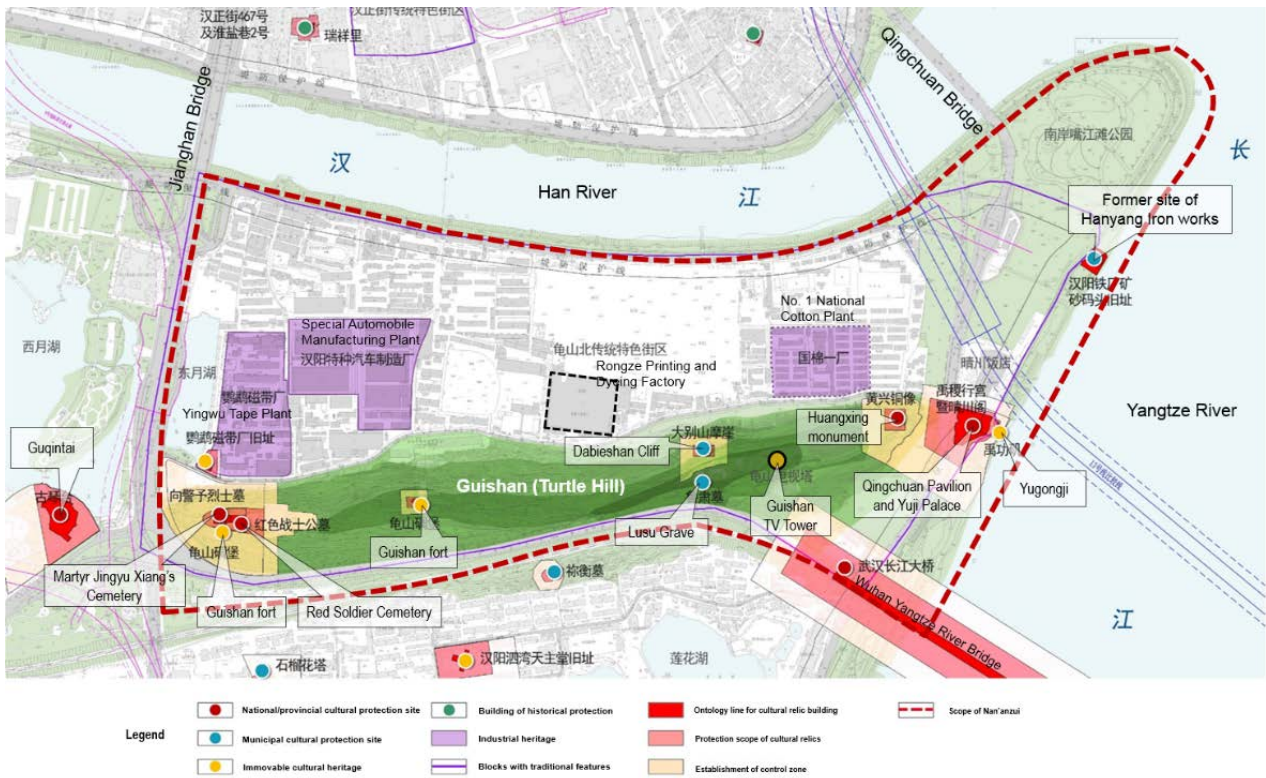
Answer: According to the regulations of Wuhan, construction in the ecological bottom line area is prohibited except for the following items:

- (1) Transport facilities and municipal utilities that have systemic implications and need to be built;
- (2) Ecological agricultural facilities;
- (3) Park or green Space and necessary scenic tour facilities;
- (4) Special use facilities, such as military, secrecy etc.

**25. I'm asking about the building that needs to preserve in the site. So do we need to regenerate the activity of that buildings too or just preserve that buildings but can think to propose other activities at that preserve building. Another one question regarding to our group registration, it is almost three days since I've sent the registration form through e-mail. But until now didn't receive any response yet.**

Answer: Buildings need to be preserved and renovated including:

- (1) Hanyang Made Cultural and Creative Industrial Park (former site of Yingwu Tape Plant): some of buildings are second class industrial heritage. It has formed a certain scale in advertisement, culture, film, entertainment and so on, but this area still has the space for further improvement and renovation.
- (2) Special Automobile Manufacturing Plant: the large factory buildings are the third-class industrial heritage, which has been left unused at present. Consideration could be given to the preservation and renovation of the plant according to the overall planning and design.
- (3) Rongze Printing and Dyeing Factory: the buildings are left unused currently and could be taken into consideration of preservation and renovation according to the overall planning and design.
- (4) No.1 National Cotton Plant: buildings are all demolished already. It is the 3<sup>rd</sup> class industrial heritage. It is suggested to carry out the continuation of the historical memory of the site according to the overall planning and design.



**26. The already built dyke and dimensions (distance from the wall to the street)**

Answer: The distance from the wall to street is 8m. The top of the dyke is about 30m high, a difference of about 4-5 meters from the elevation of the ground

**27. The preserved areas (with dimensions if possible)**

Answer: The scope of ecological protection refers to the areas which are located outside the boundary of urban growth, have the functions of protecting the urban ecological elements, maintaining the integrity of the overall ecological framework of the city, and ensuring the ecological security of the city, and so on, which need to be protected.

**28. Bird's eye view of the site if possible to give the site justice. And any pictures to show the topography.**







**29. Is residential land use or mixed-use permitted on the site?**

Answer: it is mixed-use, is mainly public facilities.

**30. Do we assume that the entire site will be sold off to one developer, or would it be parceled off to multiple developers?**

Answer: We have not yet considered this question.

**31. In this slide I didn't get that, If I change the reserve or not?**



Answer: We suggest to reserve them.